

GEO. BOLIVER, Business Manager.

J. FELDER MEYERS, Editor.

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SATURDAY, AUGUST 25, 1877.

County Courts.

It is thought that the Legislature this winter will abolish the office of Trial Justice and establish instead a court for each county on the plan which prevailed here just prior to the adoption of the present Constitution. The office of committing Magistrates will also be created.

We have thought the matter over, and as a journalist it is our duty to speak plainly.

In our judgment, then, the scheme is one fraught with mischief to the people. It is said that these courts shall be self-sustaining. How? may we be permitted to ask. If the salary of the Judges be fixed at one or two thousand dollars *per annum*, how are they to get it upon the self-sustaining principle except from the fines and costs imposed by them? And under these circumstances, would fair and impartial justice be administered by Judges whose bread would be buttered in proportion to the fines pronounced by them?

The courts shall be self-sustaining, them? but one or two thousand dollars a year will have to come from somewhere for the Judges' salary. A. and B. are indicted for an aggravated assault and battery. A. is poor but B. is rich. The Judge is longing for a bonanza in the person of some affluent offender to contribute to his salary. The parties are tried and found guilty. A. is not able to pay a fine and it would be expensive to make the county feed him for over ten or fifteen days, and after a long lecture he is thus sentenced and committed. But B. is rich. He should set good examples for his fellows, and he is fined two hundred dollars and costs or be confined in the county jail for six months! Of course the fine is paid and a part of the Judge's salary is liquidated.

This is one objection to these much talked of self-sustaining courts. Another is that they will be the cause of an increase in taxation, and the formation of new Court House Rings. Why is it that the present Circuit Judges have to interchange Circuits? Because stationed at one place all the time some of them came to have pets, local prejudices, &c. Now, the evil that has been remedied by causing Circuit Judges to ride the Circuit of the whole State is to be foisted upon us in a more hideous form by these county courts. Besides, it contemplates taking another right from the people. The Legislature will doubtless elect the Judges, and in nine cases out of ten will elevate men who could not be elected road surveyors before the people.

Each Court House has some lawyer whose practice amounts to nothing. A place must be made for such men and hence these much mooted \$2000 Judgeships.

Let It not be Forgotten.

It is a fault with a great many people that they never remember public pledges or promises. While in office they are obsequiously polite and disgustingly attentive. But so soon as they are snugly ensconced in nice paying positions, they drift

back into their natural state, and are no more attentive to the public than Sancho Panza was to Don Quixote when he became real hungry.

Now, it will be remembered that during the late canvass E. W. Moise, Esq., Adjutant and Inspector General, promised that if elected he would give his entire salary to the free school fund. He didn't want office for money. No, no! And perhaps he will not take any of it; but it occurs to us as not being a bad idea to remind the people of his promise. Let it not be forgotten!

An Eminent Jurist and an Upright Judge—Some Reasons why Judge Maher Should be Elected to the Bench BARNWELL, S. C., August 20 1877. To the Editor of the Journal of Commerce:

The name of Judge Maher has been for some time prominently before the public, in view of the vacancies which probably will soon occur in the Supreme and Circuit Court Benches. His eminent fitness for a seat on either bench is conceded by the whole State, and, particularly by the Bar and people of the Second Circuit.

The office being for the public, and not for the benefit of the incumbent, the qualifications of a candidate should determine our choice. Judged by this standard, Judge Maher stands before us tried and approved. It is not too much to say that his administration of justice during the term of four years, while he was on the Bench, has placed him, in the estimation of the Bar of the Second Circuit, as worthy to rank with Harper, Johnston and Wardlaw and other judicial worthies of the State. The writer, during an experience of more than thirty-five years at the bar, has never seen his superior for rapidity of perception, accurate analysis, clearness of statement, and ready application of extensive legal knowledge to the facts of cases. Throughout his whole career he has been distinguished by invincible integrity and irreproachable moral character. That he was not better known throughout the State before his election to the bench is due to his great modesty and the absence of self-assertion on his part. He is in the prime of life and of robust health, rendering him equal to the labors of the judicial office, and may reasonably look forward to many years of usefulness and distinction.

Justice to Judge Maher requires that the circumstances of his election, in 1872, should be stated. These are personally known to the writer. He did not seek the office. Upon the death of Judge Platt, public attention was immediately directed towards him, and he was solicited from various quarters, and particularly by members of the bar of the Second Circuit, to allow his name to be used as a candidate or rather to consent to serve if elected. He refused. At the time he had an extensive and lucrative practice, which yielded him an income much greater than a judge's salary. To abandon this and accept an office with a comparative small salary, for a term of only four years, with the liability of being elected at the end of that time involved a great pecuniary sacrifice.

Moreover he was a Democrat and to accept an office from a Radical Legislature, was repugnant to his feelings, and might subject him to political misconstruction. These objections were frankly stated to those who had solicited him to accept the office. They renewed their efforts, and represented to him the great importance of securing a good Judge to the Second Circuit and the State at large, at length induced him to review his decision, and yield a reluctant assent. He made no pledges or declarations, used no means and made no efforts to secure his election, and, pending the canvass, refused

when requested to visit the capital. In 1870, he was a candidate for re-election, but was sacrificed on "Black Thursday," a day memorable in the history of the State. He returned to the bar, and is now endeavoring to build up again the large and lucrative practice which he had sacrificed to his sense of public duty. This detail of facts show, that in addition to his eminent qualifications a debt is due to Judge Maher by the State, which should be discharged by his re-election to the bench.

H.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Editor Orangeburg News and Times: Can you tell me what was the original cost of the old fence which surrounded the Courthouse Square?—What has become of the same? Whether it has been sold, and if so, to whom, and at what price?

If you cannot impart the desired information, and the purchaser will not, if any there be, perhaps one of the investigating committee will look into the matter and enlighten the public.

We would suggest to the County Commissioners, the propriety of boarding the paupers of the County at the Charleston Hotel as a matter of economy.

EASTERLIN MILL CLUB.

A Denunciation of the Action of the National Cotton Exchange.—No Cotton to be sold Exclusive of Tara.

ORANGEBURG, S. C., Aug. 20. To the Editor of the Journal of Commerce:

At a meeting of the Orangeburg Agricultural Society, held at this place on Saturday, the 18th, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, there is an indication on the part of cotton buyers and speculators to unite among themselves for the purpose of buying our cotton crop net, or, in other words, making the planters lose the expenses of making up our cotton into bales for market, thereby making a large gain to the buyer and a corresponding loss to the producer; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Orangeburg Agricultural Society of Orangeburg County, deprecate and oppose the action of the "International Cotton Exchange," and all others in sympathy with this Convention and are determined to protect our own interest in this matter by not consenting to sell or dispose of our cotton crops to any person, or persons, exclusive of "tare," and that we will oppose the election of any person, or persons, to our General Assembly who favors this great injustice to the planter.

Resolved, That this preamble and resolutions be published in the Journal of Commerce and News and Courier of Charleston, S. C., also in the Orangeburg News and Times, with the request that all papers having the welfare of the cotton planter at heart do also publish them.

KIRK ROBINSON, Secretary O. Agricultural Society.

Moses and Mackey.

Ajax Defying Lightning—The Result.

[Washington Republican]

Among those whom Moses charged with certain wrong doings was the loquacious and flowery Judge Tom J. Mackey, who will be remembered as being here last winter in the role of champion and advocate of Governor Hampton. As soon as Judge Mackey heard of the charges against him he demanded and was accorded an opportunity to appear before the committee, in order that he might "refute the vile slanders of the pestiferous traducer of honest men's reputation." Moses was also present at the time that Mackey, and the effect was somewhat sensational. The Judge, rising upon his feet, launched forth upon one of his grandiloquent stereotyped speeches about as follows:

"Standing as I do, lide Ajax defying the lightning, I am prepared to meet any charge that may be brought against me by such an unprincipled paltrous as this lineal descendant of the unrepentant thief on the cross. Sir, I refer to the man who stands in your midst, known by the name of the hero of the bullrushes—Moses."

At this juncture Mr. Moses arose and walked over towards the irrepressible Judge just as he was about to take another spread eagle flight and

simply held up a paper, saying: "Is that your writing and your signature? The Judge immediately subsided and turned pale. Even Ajax Mackey had been struck by the lightning of Moses.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

The exercises of Miss C. M. Evans' School will be resumed at the residence of Mr. P. V. Dibble, on Monday, September 3rd, 1877.

aug 25 2t

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

Parties indebted to Curtis Youngblood deceased will make payment and those having demands against him will present them duly attested to James F. Izlar, Esq., Atty at Law at Orangeburg S. C.

JESSE H. YOUNGBLOOD
Qualified Administrator 1m

aug 25

The State of South Carolina,

COUNTY OF ORANGEBURG

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

Copy Summons.—For Relief.—Complaint not Served.

Daniel Hildebrand Plaintiff,

Against

R J Crim, wife of John T Crim; P A Craps, wife of William Craps; H C Herlong, wife of J M Herlong; T A Sturkie, J A J Hildebrand; Jacob Lewis Herlong, D W Herlong, Augustus S Hydrick, Andrew J Hydrick, Minerva J Gardner, wife of H H Gardner; Rachael E Livingston, wife of Paul Livingston; Rowe Ella Robinson, wife of Elliott M Robinson, and Daniel E Hydrick, Defendants.

To the Defendants:

R J Crim, wife of John T Crim; P A Craps, wife of William Craps; H C Herlong, wife of J M Herlong; T A Sturkie, J A J Hildebrand; Jacob Lewis Herlong, D W Herlong, Cornelia Herlong Jacob H Hydrick, Jacob H W Hydrick, Angus S Hydrick, Andrew J Hydrick, Minerva J Gardner, wife of H H Gardner; Rachael E Livingston, wife of Paul Livingston; Rowe Ella Robinson, wife of Elliott M Robinson, and Daniel E Hydrick

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of Common Pleas, for the said county, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, Orangeburg, South Carolina, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated August 24th A. D. 1877.

JAS. F. IZLAR,

Plaintiff's Attorney.

To Mrs R J Crim, wife of John T Crim, Mrs P A Craps, wife of William Craps, and Mrs T A Sturkie, three of the Defendants above named

Take notice that the Summons and Complaint herein were filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Orangeburg, in the State of South Carolina, on the 24th day of August, 1877, and that unless you appear, plead, answer or demur to the said complaint within the time prescribed by law, the Plaintiff will apply to the said Court for the relief demanded in the said Complaint.

August 24th, 1877.

JAS. F. IZLAR,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

aug 25—6t

Common Sense why Simons' LIVER HEPATIC CURE should be used.
It is entirely Vegetable, and free from all alcoholic stimulants.

It is the result of careful study, experience and labor.

The greatest care is taken to exclude everything objectionable.

It unites as a life-restoring scientific tonic, the greatest strengthening and vitalizing principles.

Persons of sedentary habits, and overworked, find in it a specific for want of appetite, palpitation, debility, constipation and many other Diseases of the Liver.

The aged find in it guarantee of prolonged health and life; and weak and delicate women find especial benefit from its use.

It is the Master of Disease.

For sale Wholesale and Retail by

AUSTIN & CO.

DOWIE & MOISE,

Proprietors, Charleston, S. C.

For sale by

DR. A. C. DUKES,

DR. J. G. WANNAMAKER,

DR. A. S. HYDRICK.

aug 11 6m.

TO THE PUBLIC.

All persons able to give information of fraudulent claims against Orangeburg County, or of any facts, or circumstances, throwing suspicion on claims against it, or any information whatsoever calculated to aid the Commission recently appointed to ascertain the true indebtedness of said County, in effecting the object of their appointment, are hereby earnestly requested to communicate such information to the undersigned, or to either of them. So far as shall be consistent with the public interest, the authorship of such communications will be treated as confidential if desired by the parties making them.

WM. M. HUTTON,
DONALD R. BARTON,
JAMES S. HEYWARD,
Commissioners.

aug 18 2t

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.
The Exercises of Miss Albergotti's School will be resumed on Monday, September 3d, at the Residence of T. A. Jeffords Esq., Russel Street. All the English Branches taught. Music by a competent Teacher.

For terms apply as above.

aug 18 2t

TRIAL JUSTICE.

Having established myself in rear of the Baptist Church Lot, I offer my services as Trial Justice to the public. All business attended to promptly.

J. FELDER MEYERS,

Trial Justice.

NOTICE.

Stolen from the plantation of Mary C Ulmer in Orangeburg County my horse, Any person or persons giving information as to the whereabouts of same or furnishing proof to convict the thief will be liberally rewarded. Description—Color, roan, white star in forehead, left hind foot white, small lump on same foot, and about seven years old. Communicate with the undersigned

G. W. ULMER,

Orangeburg S. C.

aug 25 1t

ELECTION NOTICE

An Election for Mayor and Four Aldermen for the Town of Orangeburg So. Ca. will be held at the Engine House on Tuesday the 11th day of September 1877.

The Polls will be opened at 6 o'clock A. M. and closed at 6 o'clock P. M.

The following Board of Managers will hold the Election, T. C. Albergotti, G. S. Shirer, James C. Dickson.

All bar-rooms will be closed at 6 o'clock p. m. on the 10th September and remain closed until 6 a. m. on the 12th of September 1877.

REGISTRATION.

All persons qualified to vote at the above Election will be required to register previous to the Election. Books for registration will be opened at the Engine House on Friday Saturday, and Monday, previous to the Election, being the 7th, 8th and 10th days of September 1877.

Books to be opened each day from 7 o'clock A. M. to 6 P. M.

The above named Managers will conduct the Registration. By order of Town Council.

T. R. MALONE,

Clerk of Council.

aug 25 3t.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF SCHOOL COMMISSIONER.

ORANGEBURG, August 23rd 1877.

The School Commissioner having been directed by the State Superintendent of Education to report to his office as soon as possible the past due School Claims of Orangeburg County, calls upon all persons holding past claims against the free School funds of this county up to October 31st 1876 to bring them in at once to the office of the County School Commissioner in this County that the number of certificates and the amount they call for may be ascertained, the Chairman of the Board of School Trustees of the several School District will please publish this notice far and near in each District respectfully for information of all concerned.

THOMAS PHILLIPS,

Co. School Com. O. Co.

aug 25. 2t

SALE OF WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

By order of the Probate Court, I will sell at the Store of the late Emanuel Ezekiel, on Russel Street, at public auction for cash. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry left for repairs over one year, on which the sums due for such repairs are still owing at time of sale. Auction sale of the same commencing at 11 o'clock A. M. on Saturday September 15, 1877, and to continue every Saturday and Sunday until all of the said goods are disposed of. The names of owners and the articles, and amounts due are appended and those interested are notified to redeem their articles before sale of aforesaid:

WATCHES.	
C W Amaker.....	\$ 6 00
Thomas Allen.....	3 00
Elliott Brunson.....	8 50
Robert Baxter.....	5 00
E Carmichael.....	3 00
Tom Collier.....	4 00
Alex Collier.....	6 00
J D Culler.....	3 50
Adam Dash.....	5 00
L C Enoch.....	5 00
J Fordham.....	7 00
Wm Fogle.....	6 00
D B Garrick.....	3 00
Jordan Goodwin.....	3 00
Dave Green.....	4 00
L C P Gadsden.....	3 50
Laurence Haigler.....	8 00
Leone Harmon.....	4 00
J W Johnson.....	10 00
Jack Jones.....	5 00
N Jenkins.....	5 00
Charles Jamison.....	5 00
Sandy Johnson.....	4 00
D J C Knight.....	5 00
J C Morse.....	3 00
June Mitchell.....	3 00
Ephram Morgau.....	5 00
J J Mitchell.....	5 00
Robt Manning.....	5 00
H Mack.....	6 00
Lewis Moss.....	3 00
Rev J M Michel.....	3 00
James Nelson.....	3 00
Charles A Pinckney.....	4 00
George Peobles.....	4 00
James Price.....	3 00
".....	8 00
Jacob Proval.....	8 00
Alfred Proval.....	3 00
Rubin Pauling.....	4 00
D J Rowe.....	5 00
John D Rickenbaker.....	5 00
John Sellers.....	3 00
Alford Summers.....	4 00
A W Sandel.....	1 50
J D Sistrunk.....	3 00
W P Shuler.....	3 50
W B Teague.....	6 00
J B Thomas.....	6 00
A W Wright.....	5 00
Wallace Wannamaker.....	6 00
A Adams.....	6 00
Paul Johnson.....	2 00
P X Jinos.....	6 00
Thos Stokes.....	1 00
Esaw Turner.....	8 00
Wm Samuel.....	6 00
W L Waltz.....	7 00
Frank Fennick.....	4 00
Bill Livingston.....	6 00
E I Cain.....	4 00
J R Robinson.....	7 00
James Moore.....	6 00
David Moodie.....	7 00
Dr E C Fredrick.....	7 00
C R Livingston.....	8 00
F W Haigler.....	7 00
Adom Johnson.....	3 50
Moses Palmer.....	6 50

CLOCKS.

J D Axon.....	3 00
J P Evans.....	3 00
J W Baxter.....	3 00
A J Moore.....	4 00
T K Saporitas.....	3 00
W F Sandel.....	3 00
ANNE EZEKIEL VAN NOORDEN,	3 00
Administrat	3t.

aug 25

Sheriff's Sales.

By virtue of an Execution to me directed, I will sell on the first Monday in September 1877, at St. Matthews -S. C. for cash, all that certain stock of goods, in store now occupied by B. W. Gates, consisting of Groceries, Boots, Shoes &c. Located on as the property of B W Gates at the suit of Pulzer Rodgers & Co. Sheriff's Office } J. H. LIVINGSTON
Orangeburg County } S. O. C.
Sept 18th 1877
aug 25 3t

FIRE INSURANCE.

The first class Companies ATLAN-TIC NIAGRA, and MOBILE UNDERWRITERS, are entitled to the fullest confidence of the business public. They have stood the test of many years, and are prompt in paying losses.

JOHN A. HAMILTON

Agent for Fire Insurance.

RUBBER BELTING

Furnished on short notice of any width, 2in. 17cts. 3in. 26cts. 4in. 34cts 5in. 42cts. 6in. 50cts. per foot up to 14 in width.

Cane Mills and Boilers

MILLS.
2 Rollers, 10 in; \$30. 2 Rollers, 12 in; \$35. 3 Rollers 10 in; \$50.

BOILER.
30 Galls. \$10. 40 Galls. \$12. 50 Galls. \$14. 60 Galls. \$16. 80 Galls. \$18. 100 Galls. \$20.

Freights added.

J. A. Hamilton

Medical Notice.

We hereby give notice that the firm of Elliott, Salley & Salley was dissolved on the first day of January A. D. 1877, by the withdrawal of Dr. M. G. Salley, and that since the above date the undersigned have continued the practice of medicine in co-partnership under the firm name of Elliott & Salley.

T. A. ELLIOTT,

A. B. SALLEY.

Orangeburg, C. H. 1877 3t

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

For Scrofula, and all scrofulous diseases, Erysipelas, Rose, or St. Anthony's Fire, Eruptions and Eruptive diseases of the skin, Ulcerations of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Lungs, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Blotches, Tumors, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Ulcers, Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Bones, Side and Head, Female Weakness, Sterility, Leucorrhoea, arising from internal ulceration, and Uterine disease, Syphilitic and Mercurial diseases, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Emaciation, General Debility, and for Purifying the Blood.

This Sarsaparilla is a combination of vegetable alteratives